

ZODIAC

LM Series



Professional Installation Manual Owner's Manual & Warranty Information



SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Congratulations on your purchase of a Clearwater Chlorinator. You have made a wise decision and will benefit from your Clearwater for many years to come. Please take a moment to read through the entire manual before installing your new unit. Your chlorinator must be installed and operated as specified.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS. READ AND FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTIONS. SAVE ALL INSTRUCTIONS.



**MARNING | Failure to heed the following warnings can result in permanent injury, electrocution or drowning.

FI FCTRICAL HAZARD

- To reduce risk of electrical shock
 - Make sure all power to pool equipment area is off prior to any installation or removal of Clearwater components.
 - Replace damaged power pack cord immediately.
 - Do not bury cord. Locate cord to minimize abuse from lawn mowers, hedge trimmers and other equipment.
- · Severe shock or injury will likely occur as a result of a drill or drill cord coming in contact with water. Never allow electric drill or cord to come in contact with water. Only plug drill into a Class A (5 Milliampere Trip) protected Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) in accordance with the National Electrical Code Section 680 (USA only). Please see your drill owner's manual for further safety precautions.
- Install the power pack at least 10 feet from the inside walls of a pool to prevent any possibility of the unit coming in contact with water.
- Your Clearwater Chlorinator has been designed with an electronic flow switch. This device automatically switches the chlorinator 'OFF' when the water through the cell stops. To prevent cell damage and personal injury, do not in any way interfere with this system which has been designed for your protection.

CHEMICAL USE HAZARD

- To avoid personal injury when working with pool chemicals, always wear rubber gloves and eye protection and work in a well-ventilated area. Use caution when choosing a location to open and use chemicals as they may damage any surface in which they come in contact.
- The addition of certain chemicals can reduce the effectiveness of chlorine. Always make sure that proper residual chlorine levels are maintained to avoid personal injury.
- This product manufactures chlorine. Individuals with any type of chlorine sensitivity should take the appropriate precautions to avoid injury or illness.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

EQUIPMENT WATER PRESSURE HAZARD

- Always turn pump off prior to installing or removing any Clearwater cell. Your pump/filter system is
 operated under pressure and the pressure must be released before you begin work. Please see your
 pump/filter owner's manual for further instructions.
- To avoid cell damage, water pressure in the cell must not exceed 29 psi (200kPa)

PREVENT CHILD INJURY AND DROWNING

- To reduce the risk of injury, do not permit children to operate this product.
- Do not let anyone, especially small children, sit, step, lean, or climb on any equipment installed as part of your pool's operational system. Unless otherwise stated, ALL components of your pool's operational system should be located at least 3 feet from the pool so children cannot use the equipment to gain access and be injured or drown.



Failure to heed the following warnings could cause damage to pool equipment or personal injury.

- Chlorinator must be installed and operated as specified.
- · Scratching or bending plates in cell housing can reduce cell life.
- Power to the LM2 should be turned off before unplugging the cell connectors to prevent cell damage and low voltage sparks.
- Keep the cell terminals protected with a light coating of silicone grease to allow for a positive electric
 connection. Use of any other type of grease may damage the terminal seals and 'o' rings. Do not
 immerse these terminals in acid wash solution, and avoid accidental contact with salt water.
- Water above the temperature of 104 degrees F (40 degrees C) flowing through the cell can cause plastic cell to discolor.
- Power pack must not be installed directly above any other heat source such as filter, pump or heater. It
 must be at least I Ft. (300 mm) from the ground to allow free circulation of air around it. It must not
 be installed in a closed box. If the power pack is to be installed on a post, then it must be centrally
 positioned on a flat panel of suitable waterproof material at least 10 inches (240mm) wide and 18 inches
 (440mm) high.
- Check the cell frequently to prevent the accumulation of pool debris that for any reason may have bypassed the pool filter.

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CLEARWATER LM SERIES PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Salt Level: 4000 ppm

Maximum chlorine output/hour

(gas chlorine equivalent)

LM2-24: 24 grams/hour LM2-40: 40 grams/hour DuoClear: 15 grams/hour

Minimum Flow rate: 12 gallons/minute

Plumbing: I 1/2" or 2" Schedule 40 PVC

Maximum water temperature

through the cell: 104 F

Maximum operating pressure: 29 psi

Maximum salt level: 13,000 ppm

Power requirements: 220 volt

2 amp draw

Dimensions

Cell: 8 1/4" x 3" x 3 1/4"

Power pack: $7.5/8" \times 14.3/4" \times 4.7/8"$

Limited warranty

Cell: 3 years

Power pack: 3 years

Clearwater LM Series chlorinators should be installed on residential pools only.

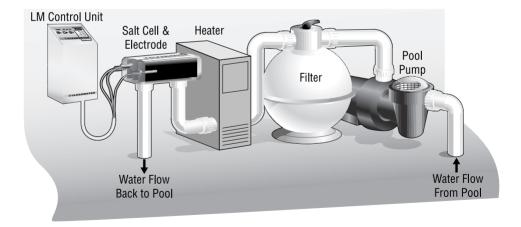
Salt level in your Clearwater pool should never exceed 13,000 ppm

Clearwater LM Installation

Clearwater saltwater chlorinators must be installed by a qualified swimming pool professional or certified electrician. If you need assistance in finding a qualified installer please contact our technical service department at 1-888-537-6657.

Installing the cell

The Clearwater cell MUST be installed horizontally, with the ports down, as the last piece of pool equipment in line. (The design of the cell forms a natural gas trap. Even though the LM unit has an internal flow sensor, this installation provides a secondary safety feature to prevent gas build-up within the system.) There are no height restrictions or requirements. The cell should be installed within 6' of the power pack. Unions and adaptors are provided. Water can flow in either direction without affecting performance. I I/2" or 2" sch 40 rigid PVC is required. Any standard PVC cement may be used. Allow adequate drying time before turning on the chlorinator.



Flooded Plumbing Installation

This occurs when the water level of the pool is above the height of the pool equipment. Some pool systems may have valves that will isolate the equipment. If not, one ball valve should be installed on the inlet side of the cell and a one-way check valve should be installed on the outlet side of the cell. This will eliminate the possibility of having a gas build-up and possible cell damage.

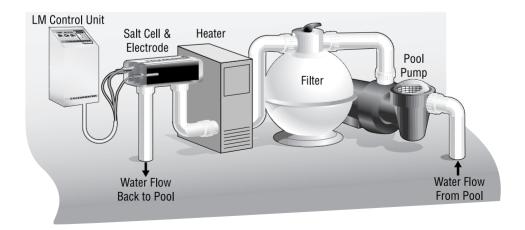
Multiple Installations

If conditions require multiple installations the LM series chlorinator may be plumbed in either series or parallel providing that the header or manifold is balanced, providing equal flow to each chlorinator.

Installing the Power Pack

The Power Pack can be mounted on a wall or a post. If mounting the Power Pack on a post, it must be centered on a flat panel of waterproof material at least 9.5" x 17.5". Use the template provided to position the anchors & mounting screws. Do not enclose the Power Pack in any box. Do not install it above any heat source. Install the Power Pack a minimum of 3 feet from the pool edge. See your local building codes for requirements.

The Power Pack is hard-wired to 220V ONLY. It should be wired to the "LOAD" side of the pump timer or the pump circuit of a controller, so that the Clearwater chlorinator comes on only when the pump comes on. Connect the black & red output cables to either electrode on the cell. Connect the blue sensor clip to the post.



Salt

Always test the salt level before adding salt. Refer to page 18 & 19 for instructions on adding salt.

Safety Test

After installing the Clearwater chlorinator the following safety test MUST be performed. Turn on the pool pump and the chlorinator. Adjust the chlorine output to maximum. Disconnect the blue sensor clip from the terminal pin at the end of the cell. The RED "no flow" light should be illuminated and the output lights should drop to the minimum, showing a yellow light only. If this happens, the flow sensor is operating properly. Reconnect the blue flow sensor clip to resume normal operation. **Do not operate the unit if it fails this test.** Contact Zodiac at 1-888-537-6657 for instructions.

How your Clearwater Chlorinator Works

Common salt (sodium chloride) is made up of two elements, sodium and chloride. When your Clearwater LM2 is installed, a measured quantity of salt is dissolved in the pool water to make it slightly salty. As part of the daily filtration cycle, the pool water is passed through the Clearwater electrolysis cell to produce chlorine which is dissolved instantly into the water. Your Clearwater LM2 also produces ozone in the cell as a by-product.

In simple, non-technical terms, the chlorine instantly starts to destroy bacteria, viruses and algae, and in doing this reverts to dissolved salt. This cycle continues with more new chlorine being produced from the salt water in the electrolysis cell, sanitizing the pool, and changing once more back to dissolved salt.

Everyday, when the Clearwater unit and the filtration system are switched on, dust and debris are trapped by the filter and the Clearwater sanitizes the water to make if safe and sparkling clean.

Important.

To ensure your LM2 works at maximum efficiency, regularly check and maintain the chemistry of your pool.

Preferred Water Chemistry Readings

Salt concentration	4,000 ppm
pH	7.2 to 7.6
Chlorine stabilizer (Cyanuric acid)	40 to 100 ppm depending on regional climate
Total alkalinity	80 to 120 ppm
Total hardness	200 to 400 ppm
Free chlorine	I to 3 ppm

Clearwater Model LM2 Operation

The chlorine production of the Clearwater LM2 is controlled by the number of hours the LM2 and filtration system is ON, as well as the setting of the output control. Power to this unit must be controlled by the pump timer. The chlorinator functions may only be set when the filtration system is running.

The Clearwater LM2 includes a Super Chlorinate feature which automatically super chlorinates the pool for an approximated 24 hour period of pool pump operation.

The Clearwater LM2 is also fitted with 3 indicator lights that monitor the operation of the chlorinator, the concentration of salt in the pool, and the water flow.

The LM2 is designed to require minimum operator maintenance using reverse polarity technology to minimize the scaling of the cell.

Control Panel Functions

On / Off Button.

This button switches the LM2 ON and OFF. A yellow light appears in the chlorine output indicator window when the unit is ON.

Output Button.

The output button is used to set the chlorine output of the LM2.

Chlorine output is selected by repeatedly pushing this button until maximum is reached on the chlorine output indicator. An extra push of this button will reset the output to minimum.

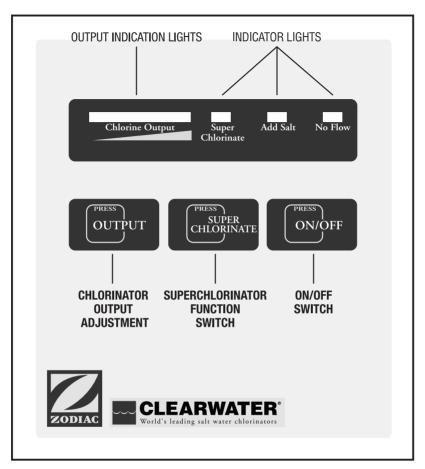
Super Chlorinate Button.

The Super Chlorinate function is used to rapidly add chlorine to the pool.

This feature automatically super chlorinates your pool for approximately 24 hours of pool pump run time.

Backup Battery.

The LM2 is fitted with a rechargeable battery. If the power is removed, the LM2 will retain the output power settings and Super Chlorinate settings.



LM2 Display Panel

Indicator lights: What they mean

Chlorine Output.

A series of six lights indicate the chlorine output setting of the power pack. More lights equals greater chlorine production. **Note:** This setting does not show the actual chlorine reading in the pool. Use of a test kit is required to confirm the Salt Level or Free Chlorine reading of the pool water.

Chlorine Output - Yellow Light Flashing.

The yellow (low output) light flashes for a few minutes during cell reversal (cell self clean) indicating no output during this time.

Super Chlorinate - Light ON.

This light indicates that the Super Chlorinate feature has been selected, it will turn OFF when the Super Chlorinate period has ended.

Super Chlorinate - Light OFF.

Function not selected.

Add Salt - Light ON.

The Add Salt light will come on at any salt level between 3000ppm and 4000ppm depending on mains voltage and water temperature (below 65°). This is not a fault but a precaution to ensure the salt level is never too low. (See 'Salt: When And How To Add It'). Note: Operating the LM-2 at reduced salt levels may shorten the life of the cell.

Add Salt - Light OFF.

Indicates that the salt level in the pool is correct.

No Flow - Light ON.

This indicates insufficient water flow in cell, usually caused by the pump not running. The chlorine output will also turn off at this time.

All Lights OFF.

All lights OFF indicates the LM2 is turned off. Turn unit ON. If lights are still OFF, check the resettable fuse and circuit breaker.

Operating Tips

A. Filtration and chlorination system operating periods.

Run your filtration and chlorination system for at least 6 to 8 hours per day.

During very hot weather it might be necessary to run the system for additional hours, but in winter where pools remain open, it is only necessary to run the filtration system for around 4 hours per day. Shorter periods will help to lengthen the life of the cell electrodes.

B. Chlorine output settings.

Start operation of the Clearwater LM2 at maximum output. Add salt to the pool if the 'Add Salt' light is showing. For a home pool of about 13,200 gallons, the addition of one (1) 50 lb. bag of salt will increase the salt concentration by 500 ppm. Refer to 'Salt: When And How To Add It' and the 'Adding Salt Chart' on pages 17-18.

C. Free (residual) chlorine reading.

The free chlorine residual in the pool should be between I - 3 ppm. Increasing the daily operating period of the system increases the free chlorine reading, and a shorter operating period reduces the chlorine reading. Likewise, operating the chlorinator at maximum output will produce a higher chlorine reading than operating the chlorinator at a lower setting.

D. Chlorine stabilizer (Cyanuric acid) level.

The Chlorine stabilizer (cyanuric acid) reading should be between 40-100 ppm. This will vary depending on your regional climate. Chlorine stabilizer helps to keep a satisfactory free chlorine reading in hot sunny climates. Extremely hot and sunny climates will require readings at the higher end of the given range. Refer to 'Stabilizer Chart' on page 19.

E. pH readings.

It is ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL that the pH of the pool be maintained in the range of 7.2 - 7.6. The effectiveness of chlorine as a sanitizer is significantly reduced as the pH rises. At a pH of 8.0, nearly all of the chlorine being added to the pool is wasted, and it will be almost impossible to maintain a satisfactory free chlorine reading.

OPERATING TIPS

F. Regular maintenance checks.

Weekly:

- Visually check the cell electrodes. Only if necessary, remove the cell and flush with a garden hose to remove any debris that may have passed through the filter and lodged in the cell housing. Avoid inserting objects into the cell which can scratch or bend the cell plates.
- Check the free chlorine.
- · Check the total alkalinity. Adjust if necessary.
- · Check the pH of the water. Adjust if necessary.
- · Check the pressure gauge on the filter to see if backwashing is necessary.

Monthly:

- Check the salt concentration of the pool (see 'Salt: When And How To Add It).
- · Check the chlorine stabilizer reading. Adjust if necessary.

Salt: When And How To Add It

When to add salt.

Add salt when indicated on the control panel. The light marked 'Add Salt' functions automatically when extra salt is needed. Note that the 'Add Salt' light may switch on at any salt level between 3000 and 4000ppm, depending upon the water temperature and mains voltage (see note). This is not a fault but a precaution to ensure that the salt level is never too low.

The salt concentration should normally be around 4000 ppm, but should never be allowed to fall below 3000 ppm, as this can reduce the life of the cell electrodes.

Salt is not lost through evaporation. Salt is lost with the water splashed out of the pool or during backwash. Adding fresh water or rainfall to the pool dilutes the salt concentration. Adding salt may be needed from time to time to maintain an optimum salt level.

NOTE: Even if the salt concentration is around 4000 ppm, the 'Add Salt' light may switch ON if the water temperature drops below 65° or mains supply voltage is too low. In this situation, it may not be possible to set the Chlorine Output to maximum. Addition of more salt to the pool will allow the Chlorine Output to reach maximum settings.

How much to add.

Use a salt test strip to determine salt level in pool water prior to adding any salt. Capture water from elbows depth in a container, then use a test strip in this water sample. Previous regular usage of sodium hypochlorite (liquid chlorine) creates residual salt within the pool and may bring your salt level close to the required 4000 ppm concentration. Only 99.5% pure refined salt (sodium chloride) should be used with the Clearwater chlorinator. Add enough salt to obtain a 4000 ppm concentration.

- In a pool of approximately 13,200 gallons, one (1) 50 lb. bag of salt will increase the salt concentration by 500 ppm.
- In a NEW pool (where there is no salt residual) of approximately 13,200 gallons, eight (8) 50 lb bags of salt are required to reach a 4000 ppm concentration.
- Refer to 'Salt Chart' on page 18.

IMPORTANT: To avoid damage to your Clearwater chlorinator, never allow salt level to exceed 13,000 ppm

How to add salt.

Evenly disperse the proper amount of salt around the perimeter of the pool. Run filter for 4-6 hours. Allow 24 hours for salt to fully dissolve. If the ADD SALT light is on after 24 hours, test salt level and add necessary salt to obtain a 4000 ppm concentration. Even if the salt level is maintained a 4000 ppm, but water temperature drops below 65°, the ADD SALT may come on. This is not cause for concern. For further assistance, consult your pool professional or call 1-888-537-6657.

Note: Do not add salt to the skimmer box.

Adding Salt to Your Pool

Pounds and (KG) of salt needed to raise level to 4000 PPM

Current Salt	Gallons and (Liters) of Pool/Spa Water									
Level	12,000	14,000	16,000	18,000	20,000	22,000	24,000	26,000	28,000	30,000
ppm	(45425)	(52996)	(60567)	(68137)	(75708)	(83279)	(90850)	(98421)	(105992)	(113562)
0	401	467	534	601	668	734	801	868	935	1001
	(182)	(212)	(242)	(273)	(303)	(333)	(363)	(394)	(424)	(454)
250	376	438	501	563	626	688	75	814	876	939
	(170)	(199)	(227)	(256)	(284)	(312)	(341)	(369)	(397)	(426)
500	351	409	467	526	584	643	70	759	818	876
	(159)	(185)	(212)	(238)	(265)	(291)	(318)	(344)	(371)	(397)
750	325	380	434	488	542	597	65 I	705	759	814
	(148)	(172)	(197)	(221)	(246)	(271)	(295)	(320)	(344)	(369)
1000	300	351	401	45 l	501	551	60 l	65 I	701	75 I
	(136)	(159)	(182)	(204)	(227)	(250)	(273)	(295)	(318)	(34 I)
1250	275	321	367	413	459	505	55 I	597	643	688
	(125)	(146)	(167)	(187)	(208)	(229)	(250)	(271)	(291)	(312)
1500	250	292	334	376	417	459	501	542	584	626
	(114)	(132)	(151)	(170)	(189)	(208)	(227)	(246)	(265)	(284)
1750	225	263	300	338	376	413	45 I	488	526	563
	(102)	(119)	(136)	(153)	(170)	(187)	(204)	(221)	(238)	(256)
2000	200	234	267	300	334	367	401	434	467	501
	(91)	(106)	(121)	(136)	(151)	(167)	(182)	(197)	(212)	(227)
2250	175	204	234	263	292	321	351	380	409	438
	(79)	(93)	(106)	(119)	(132)	(146)	(159)	(172)	(185)	(199)
2500	150	175	200	225	250	275	300	325	351	376
	(68)	(79)	(91)	(102)	(114)	(125)	(136)	(148)	(159)	(170)
2750	125	146	167	188	209	229	250	271	292	313
	(57)	(66)	(76)	(85)	(95)	(104)	(114)	(123)	(132)	(142)
3000	100	117	134	150	167	184	200	217	234	250
	(45)	(53)	(61)	(68)	(76)	(83)	(91)	(98)	(106)	(114)
3250	75	88	100	113	125	138	150	163	175	188
	(34)	(40)	(45)	(51)	(57)	(62)	(68)	(74)	(79)	(85)
3500	50	58	67	75	83	92	100	108	117	125
	(23)	(26)	(30)	(34)	(38)	(42)	(45)	(49)	(53)	(57)
3750	25	29	33	38	42	46	50	54	58	63
	(11)	(13)	(15)	(17)	(19)	(21)	(23)	(25)	(26)	(28)
4000	Optimum	Optimum	Optimum	Optimum	Optimum	Optimum	Optimum	Optimum	Optimum	Optimum

Adding Stabilizer to Your Pool

Pounds and (KG) of stabilizer (Cyanuric Acid) needed to raise level to 80 PPM

Current	Gallons and (Liters) of Pool/Spa Water									
Chlorine										
Stabilizer										
Level	12,000	14,000	16,000	18,000	20,000	22,000	24,000	26,000	28,000	30,000
ppm	(45425)	(52996)	(60567)	(68137)	(75708)	(83279)	(90850)	(98421)	(105992)	(113562)
0	8.0	9.3	10.7	12.0	13.4	14.7	16.0	17.4	18.7	20.0
	(3.6)	(4.2)	(4.8)	(5.5)	(6.1)	(6.7)	(7.3)	(7.9)	(8.5)	(9.1)
10	7.0	8.2	9.3	10.5	11.7	12.9	14.0	15.2	16.4	17.5
	(3.2)	(3.7)	(4.2)	(4.8)	(5.3)	(5.8)	(6.4)	(6.9)	(7.4)	(7.9)
20	6.0	7.0	8.0	9.0	10.0	11.0	12.0	13.0	14.0	15.0
	(2.7)	(3.2)	(3.6)	(4.1)	(4.5)	(5.0)	(5.5)	(5.9)	(6.4)	(6.8)
30	5.0	5.8	6.7	7.5	8.3	9.2	10.0	10.8	11.7	12.5
	(2.3)	(2.6)	(3.0)	(3.4)	(3.8)	(4.2)	(4.5)	(4.9)	(5.3)	(5.7)
40	4.0	4.7	5.3	6.0	6.7	7.3	8.0	8.7	9.3	10.0
	(1.8)	(2.1)	(2.4)	(2.7)	(3.0)	(3.3)	(3.6)	(3.9)	(4.2)	(4.5)
50	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	6.0	6.5	7.0	7.5
	(1.4)	(1.6)	(1.8)	(2.0)	(2.3)	(2.5)	(2.7)	(3.0)	(3.2)	(3.4)
60	2.0	2.3	2.7	3.0	3.3	3.7	4.0	4.3	4.7	5.0
	(0.91)	(1.1)	(1.2)	(1.4)	(1.5)	(1.7)	(1.8)	(2.0)	(2.1)	(2.3)
70	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.5
	(0.45)	(0.53)	(0.61)	(0.68)	(0.76)	(0.83)	(0.91)	(1.0)	(1.1)	(1.1)
80	Optimum	Optimum	Optimum	Optimum	Optimum	Optimum	Optimum	Optimum	Optimum	Optimum

The above chart is for general reference only. The recommended stabilizer reading is between 40-100 ppm and will vary dependent on geographic climate. Warm, sunny climates will require a stabilizer reading at the higher end of the given range. Consult your local pool professional for your optimum level. Always add stabilizer according to manufacturer's instructions.

Some Tips On Water Chemistry

How to adjust pH.

A pH range of 7.2 - 7.6 is ideal for maximum comfort and minimum chlorine demand. Always adjust total alkalinity before adjusting pH.

Low pH (acidic water) leads to stinging eyes and corrosion of open metal fittings. Raise the pH by adding sodium bicarbonate or soda ash. Consult your pool professional regarding which chemical is best for your situation and the proper amount to use. Check the pH after 4 hours of circulation, adjusting as necessary to achieve the proper range.

High pH (alkaline water) leads to clouding of the water and reduces the amount of active chlorine. This means algae and germs can grow. Lower the pH by adding muriatic acid to the pool water. The acid demand indicated by your 4-in-1 test kit will show the amount of acid to use.

If your pH remains inconsistent, check your total alkalinity.

Total alkalinity affects pH.

Total alkalinity is a measure of the alkaline chemicals in your pool water (eg. Bicarbonates, carbonates, and hydroxides). It can be thought of as the buffering system necessary to control pH. Low alkalinity can be compared to weak shock absorbers on a car, allowing pH to fluctuate. The pH will be difficult to maintain and staining of pool surfaces may occur when total alkalinity is too low.

Total alkalinity should be in the range of 80 - 120 ppm. Total alkalinity is often confused with pH, which it affects.

To raise total alkalinity, add pH buffer (sodium bicarbonate) at the rate shown in the manufacturers instructions to achieve a reading in the 80 - 120ppm range. 1.5 lbs. of sodium bicarbonate raises 10,000 gallons of pool water by 10 ppm.

To lower the total alkalinity, use muriatic acid. The acid demand chart in your 4-in-1 test kit will indicate the necessary amount to add. Adjust as needed until the reading (taken at least 24 hours later) is in the 80-120 ppm range. When total alkalinity is correct, you may need to adjust pH.

SOME TIPS ON WATER CHEMISTRY

Use of algaecides and phosphate removers

Although not normally needed, algaecides and phosphate removers may be used in conjunction with a Clearwater chlorinator. Consult your pool professional regarding the presence of phosphates in your local area and always follow manufacturers instructions for treatment.

The chlorine residual level automatically maintained by a Clearwater chlorinator is the best defense against algae and is usually all that is necessary. If algae is observed however, brush spot thoroughly, adjust pH, super-chlorinate with your Clearwater chlorinator or manually shock pool water with either liquid or granular chlorine. A chlorine residual should be measurable within 24 hours. If not, repeat shock treatment (see pages 22-23 for additional water balance instructions). After shocking, check to ensure that the Clearwater chlorinator is maintaining a residual chlorine level to prevent future algae growth. With extreme algae conditions, manually shocking the pool is the best option.

Note: Overuse of algaecides can lead to a reduction in chlorine residual because algaecides can negatively react with the chlorine produced by the Clearwater chlorinator. When using algaecides, always follow manufacturer's instructions and adjust the output of the Clearwater chlorinator to maintain a residual chlorine level.

The addition of certain chemicals can reduce the effectiveness of chlorine. Always make sure that proper residual chlorine levels are maintained to avoid illness.

Use of sequestoring agents

In some areas the total hardness of your source water may be unusually high. High total hardness contributes to scale formation in the pool. Sequestoring agents will help keep minerals in solution, preventing this from happening. Consult your pool professional about the use of a sequestoring agent.

Troubleshooting

NOTE: If the chlorinator and pump are running it is normal for a cloud of small bubbles to be produced in the cell, indicating chlorine is also being produced.

Problem A

Water looks clean but no chlorine residual reading.

To test for chlorine residual, switch on the filtration system and adjust the Clearwater to maximum output. After a few hours take a water sample from the pool. Test this water with your test kit. Chlorine residual should measure between I and 3 ppm.

REMEDY:

- Adjust total alkalinity to 80 120 ppm.
- Adjust the pH within the range 7.2 7.6.
- · Make sure your cell is clean.
- Check cyanuric acid levels.
- Increase the setting of the output control.
- Increase the running time of the filter and chlorinator. Make sure that the filter is clean and functioning properly.
- · Add salt if indicated by 'Add Salt' light.

Use chlorine stabilizer (cyanuric acid) to protect chlorine residual.

This chemical acts as a sun-screen for chlorine and prevents chlorine from being too quickly destroyed by the sun. Chlorine stabilizer is essential to prolong the life of chlorine in the pool water. It should be added following the manufacturer's instructions to achieve a level of 40 - 100 ppm. depending on geographical climate. Refer to stabilizer chart on page 19.

Use of algaecides.

Although not normally needed with a Clearwater chlorinator, algaecides may be used. Always follow manufacturer's instructions for treatment. Overdosing the pool with any type of algaecide may reduce residual chlorine measurements/reading. If this occurs, you must manually shock pool water with granular or liquid chlorine until a measurable free chlorine residual reading is obtained.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem B

Pool green and no chlorine reading.

Chlorine is still considered the most effective way of destroying algae and bacteria in your pool water. A chlorine residual of I to 3 ppm is considered desirable.

REMEDY:

Superchlorinate or manually shock the pool. This will raise the chlorine residual to a very high level for a short period of time, and reduce chlorine demand.

I. Superchlorinate with a Clearwater chlorinator:

- i) Backwash the filter.
- ii) Adjust the pH to within the range 7.2 7.6. See 'Tips on Water Chemistry' on pages 20-21.
- iii) Press the button marked 'Super Chlorinate'. The Clearwater automatically increases its output and runs for approx. 24 hours of pool pump time.
- iv) After 24 hours, backwash the filter.
- v) Re-adjust the pH to 7.2 7.6.
- vi) Check the chlorine reading.
- vii) If the chlorine reading is too low, repeat steps (iii) to (vi) until the chlorine reading is satisfactory.

2. Manually shock with chlorine or oxidizing agents:

- i) Backwash the filter.
- ii) Adjust the pH to within the range 7.2 7.6 (See 'Tips on Water Chemistry' pages 20-21).
- iii) Add I lb. granular chlorine or I gallon liquid chlorine or I lb. non-chlorine oxidizer per 10,000 gallons of water.
- iv) After shock dosing, re-adjust the pH to within the range of 7.2 7.6 and check the chlorine level before using the pool. The chlorine residual should be I-3ppm..

Problem C

Chlorine odor.

CAUSE: Not enough free chlorine.

Surprisingly, the problem here is not too much chlorine as many imagine. Chloramines form by the bonding of chlorine with amines from sweat and other sources. These chloramines can create a chlorine odor and can also cause eye and skin irritation. Free chlorine does not smell (up to 10 ppm concentration).

REMEDY:

Same as problem B.

Problem D

Slimy walls of pool or spa.

CAUSE: Combined algae and bacteria growth.

REMEDY:

Brush down the affected walls and follow remedy for Problem B, manually shocking pool.

Problem E

Eye and/or skin irritation.

CAUSE: Incorrect pH.

REMEDY:

Adjust the pH to within the range 7.2 - 7.6 (See 'Tips on Water Chemistry' pages 20-21).

Problem F

Scale formation on pool equipment.

To clean the deposit (scale) from the cell, see Chlorinator Maintenance section.

CAUSE I: Incorrect pH and hard water.

REMEDY:

Adjust the pH to within the range 7.2 - 7.6 (See 'Tips on Water Chemistry' pages 20-21).

CAUSE 2: High total hardness.

REMEDY:

Dilute pool with fresh water. Consult your pool professional regarding use of a sequestering agent.

Problem G

Chlorine Output will not reach maximum - Add Salt light may also be on.

CAUSE I: Low incoming voltage.

REMEDY:

Confirm Clearwater is wired to 220V. If wired to 220V but incoming voltage is less due to location (rural areas for example), raising the salt level will compensate.

CAUSE 2: Salt level below 4000ppm or water temperature is below 65°.

REMEDY:

Add salt. (See Salt: When and How to Add it)

CAUSE 3: Cell reversing (self clean).

REMEDY:

If the cell is reversing the yellow light on the Chlorine Output indicator will flash. Wait approximately three minutes and the output should return to normal.

CAUSE 4: Cell electrodes may be damaged.

REMEDY:

Replace cell. The cell must be replaced with the same model or the chlorinator will not function correctly, call the Clearwater USA office for further instructions (See page 30).

Problem H

No Flow light on.

CAUSE I: Insufficient water flow through the cell.

REMEDY:

Ensure sufficient water flow through chlorinator cell. Verify that the filter pump is on. Flow may be restricted if the filter needs backwashing. A pocket of air trapped in the top of the cell confirms low water flow through the cell.

CAUSE 2: Sensor disconnected.

REMEDY:

Make sure that the sensor lead from the power pack to the cell is attached at the cell (small clip lead).

Problem I

Chlorinator stops working, all lights OFF.

CAUSE I: Unit turned off.

REMEDY:

Push ON/OFF button. A yellow light in the Chlorine Output indicator window is present when the unit is "ON".

CAUSE 2: Mains power removed or blown fuse.

REMEDY:

Check mains power source and fuse.

Resetting the Fuse.

Turn off all power to the Clearwater powerpack. The resettable fuse is located above the powercord on the bottom rear of the LM2 unit. If the fuse is blown (popped with white area exposed), push to reset. Restore power to unit.

Mains power supply.

Your Clearwater chlorinator must be connected to a properly grounded electrical power socket, or power source.

Problem J

Chlorine level is too high.

CAUSE 1: Chlorinator is manufacturing too much chlorine.

REMEDY I:

Use the output button to reduce setting. Retest chlorine daily until proper level is attained.

REMEDY 2:

Manually turn chlorinator off. The LM Series uses a smart switch that turns the chlorinator on automatically with each pump cycle. If longer periods of zero (0) chlorine output are required, disconnect the blue sensor clip on cell. (Red NO FLOW light will illuminate once chlorine production has stopped.) Sensor clip must be reconnected for chlorine production to begin.

Any type of electrical troubleshooting should be handled by a qualified pool professional or certified electrician.

Chlorinator Maintenance

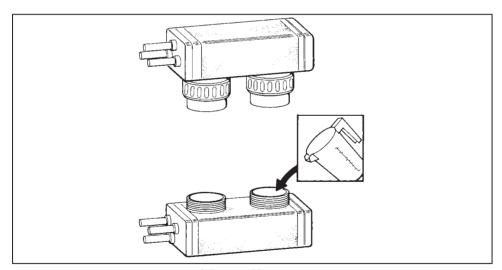
How to clean your cell.

In unusual situations, the self cleaning electrodes may benefit from occasional manual cleaning to remove scale build-up as the result of having very "hard" water or continuous high pH conditions, which can occur with new plaster finishes.

1. Switch off the filter pump and chlorinator, close necessary valves.

Note: Always turn pump off prior to installing or removing any Clearwater Cell. Your pump/filter system is operated under pressure and pressure must be released before you begin. Open the air relief valve on your pool filter to release the pressure in the system.

- 2. Unplug the leads from the cell terminals.
- Undo the two barrel unions joining the cell housing to the pool filtration system and carefully remove the cell housing. Lay the housing upside down on a flat surface with the inlet ports on top.



Chlorinator Maintenance

(Continued on next page)

CHLORINATOR MAINTENANCE

4. Mix cleaning solution in a suitable plastic vessel by adding one (1) part of Hydrochloric (muriatic) acid to ten (10) parts water. Note: To avoid splash, always ADD MURIATIC ACID TO WATER rather than water to muriatic acid. Solutions stronger than 1:10 will damage cell and void warranty. Pour the cleaning mixture into the upturned cell housing until the electrodes are completely covered. Allow the cleaning solution to dissolve the calcium deposits for approximately 5 minutes. When the electrodes are clean, pour the cleaning solution and the calcium residue out of the cell housing into a bucket of water. This can now be disposed of down a drain. Note: Never mix chemicals together. Always rinse bucket and drain area after cleaning cell.

To avoid personal injury when working with pool chemicals, always wear rubber gloves and eye protection and work in a well ventilated area. Use caution when choosing a location to open and use chemicals as they may damage any surface in which they come in contact.

- 5. Repeat the procedure if necessary. Take care to avoid splashing the cell terminals and other equipment with the acidic cleaning solution. Wash down any spills with plenty of fresh water.
- 6. Rinse the electrodes in clean water and refit the cell and housing to the filtration system. Tighten the barrel union connections to prevent leaks.
- 7. Replace the electrical connectors after drying and smearing lightly with silicone grease.
- 8. Reset valves and switches. Turn pump and chlorinator on.
- 9. Confirm chlorine output and settings on the powerpack. Timer settings are automatically retained.

Your Clearwater Chlorinator has been designed with an electronic flow switch. This device automatically switches the chlorinator "OFF" when water through the cell stops. To prevent cell damage and personal injury, do not in any way interfere with this system that has been designed for your protection.

Damage caused by insects.

The case of the Clearwater power pack has small vents to allow internal components to remain cool in hot weather. Sometimes small insects may enter the case of the power pack, and this can cause damage to the internal electrical components. To avoid this, spray some insect repellent on surfaces around the powerpack.



The limited warranties contained within this document are the only warranties given with your Clearwater LM Series Chlorinator and supersede any prior warranties. All other warranties, expressed or implied, including the implied warranty of merchantability or the implied warranty of fitness for a particular purpose are hereby disclaimed. Our sole obligation under this warranty, and the purchaser's sole remedy, is limited to the repair or replacement of the Clearwater Chlorinator, or one of its parts. This Clearwater Limited Warranty applies to the original owner only.

CHLORINATOR AND CELL ELECTRODE WARRANTY

- The manufacturer warrants this Clearwater Chlorinator to be free of defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one (I) year from the date of purchase*.
- In addition to the one (I) year warranty, the manufacturer further warrants the power pack for an additional two (2) year period (parts only) **.
- In addition to the one (I) year warranty, the manufacturer further warrants on a pro-rated basis the cell electrode (parts only)**. (In the second year the cell electrode will be replaced for a payment of 33% of current list price; in the third year the cell electrode will be replaced for a payment of 66% of the current list price).
 - * If no proof of purchase date is supplied, the warranty period begins on the date of manufacturer as encoded on the product.
 - ** The cost of field service calls and/or freight cost to return goods for repair are not covered by this warranty after the one (I) year unconditional period has expired.

EXCLUSIONS FROM WARRANTY

The Clearwater Chlorinator is designed for residential use only and any commercial application voids all warranty. If the unit is used in any application other than as a chlorinator in a swimming pool, the purchaser and/or enduser releases the manufacturer from any and all claims related to the use of the Clearwater Chlorinator and agrees to indemnify the manufacturer from any claims related to improper or non-authorized use.

This warranty does not cover problems arising from whole or in part from purchaser's or user's negligence, misuse or abuse, improper maintenance or installation, accident, improper application, failure to follow all safety instructions or precautions, Acts of God, abnormal weather conditions, damage from plants or animals, and improper use of chemicals.

This warranty specifically excludes all incidental or consequential damages, except where state law requires them to be paid. This warranty gives you specific rights. You may have other rights that vary from state to state.

TO SUBMIT A CLAIM

Report claims to Zodiac Pool Care, Inc. by calling 1-888-537-6657. Only the original purchaser may submit a claim under this limited warranty. All claims must be accompanied by an original purchase receipt. For more information consult your pool care professional or call 1-888-537-6657.

Due to constant developments and improvements, specifications may change without notice.

CLEARWATER USA ZODIAC POOL CARE, INC.

2028 NW 25th Avenue Pompano Beach, Florida 33069 I-800-YES-PURE I-877-550-5262 I-480-545-5262 (Phoenix, AZ)



RECORD YOUR CLEARWATER CHLORINATOR PURCHASE DETAILS HERE:

Model No.:	☐ LM2-24	☐ LM2-40	☐ DuoClear	
Serial # (loca	ted on the Warranty	Registration Card) W		
Date of Purc	hase:			
Purchased Fr	om:			
City:		State		Zip
City:		State		∠ip

Keep this part with your manual for your records IMPORTANT - MAIL THE WARRANTY REGISTRATION TODAY

Clearwater Warranty Registration Card



Serial No. W					
Please check the Clearwater Chlorinator you have	just purchased: 🛭	LM2-24 LM2-40 DuoClear			
Consumer Name: First Mailing Address:	Middle	Last			
City:	State:	Zip:			
Tel: (Purchase D	ate://_	Installation Date//			
E-mail:					
Purchased From:Store or Builder Name	e	City/State/Zip			
Type of Installation New Retrofit					
Type of Pool: Vinyl Fiberglass Plaster Painted Other					
Do you have an automatic pool cleaner? ☐ No ☐ Yes Brand/Model					
Do you have a Nature ² Natural Mineral Purifier for your pool?					

YOUR WARRANTY CERTIFICATE FOR YOUR



LM Series







NO POSTAGE NECESSARY IF MAILED IN THE UNITED STATES

BUSINESS REPLY MAIL

FIRST CLASS MAIL PERMIT NO. 293 FT. LAUDERDALE, FL

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE



CLEARWATER WARRANTY
ZODIAC POOL CARE INC
2028 NW 25TH AVE
POMPANO BEACH FL 33069-9906